Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16		DS Number: 0001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011		
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION					
Produ	ict name	:	: Shell GadusRail S2 Wheel Flange Grease 1			
Produ	ict code	:	001D8469			
Manu	Manufacturer or supplier's details					
Manu	Manufacturer/Supplier		Shell Canada Products 400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4 Canada			
•	Telephone Telefax		(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345			
Emer ber	gency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-		
Reco	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use					

Recommended use : Automotive and industrial grease.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

1/	800001030637
	Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2016-05-18
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637	Date of last issue: 15.01.2015
			Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Shell GadusRail S2 Wheel Flange Grease 1
Chemical nature	 A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	68649-42-3	1 - 2.4

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.
2 / 14	800001030637

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011			
delaye	ed	Local necrosi	result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. s is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and e a few hours following injection.			
Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearin appropriate personal protective equipment according to incident, injury and surroundings.						
Notes to physician		: Treat sympton	: Treat symptomatically.			
		vention and p age and loss Because entry ousness of the determine the anaesthetics can contribute surgical decon eign material	e injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- of function. y wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- e underlying damage, surgical exploration to extent of involvement may be necessary. Local or hot soaks should be avoided because they e to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt mpression, debridement and evacuation of for- should be performed under general anaesthet- exploration is essential.			

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	am, water spray or fog. Dr , sand or earth may be use	v chemical powder, carbon diox- ed for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	ses (smoke).	e solid and liquid particulates and plved if incomplete combustion
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	e extinguishing measures nstances and the surround	hat are appropriate to local cir- ling environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	ves are to be worn; chemi ge contact with spilled proc athing Apparatus must be	ncluding chemical resistant cal resistant suit is indicated if luct is expected. Self-Contained worn when approaching a fire in righter's clothing approved to ope: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

tive equipment and emer-

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011		
gency	procedures				
Enviro	onmental precautions	nation. Prevent	e containment to avoid environmental contami- from spreading or entering drains, ditches or sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		•	Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.		
Additio	onal advice	see Chapter 8 (n selection of personal protective equipment of this Safety Data Sheet. n disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of a Sheet.		

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropr ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.	
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.	
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage			
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.	
		Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
		Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2016-05-18
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637	Date of last issue: 15.01.2015
			Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011
		equipment, loca Drain down syst nance. Retain drain dow subsequent recy Always observe washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip	good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
			uct's semi-solid consistency, generation of is unlikely to occur.
Dorod	anal protoctive action	nont	
	onal protective equipr iratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of us In accordance w tions should be If engineering ca tions to a level w select respirator cific conditions of Check with resp Where air-filterin priate combinati Select a filter su	protection is ordinarily required under normal e. with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- ion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection marks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glove glove suppliers. Personal hygien Gloves must on gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous of through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be avail	htact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. he is a key element of effective hand care. ly be worn on clean hands. After using hould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough eeptable so long as appropriate maintenance

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011		
		and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is no a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.			
Eye protection			: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.		
Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	 Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves. 		
Thermal hazards		: Not applicable			
Protec	ctive measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		

Environmental exposure controls	
---------------------------------	--

General advice :	Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being dis- charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.
------------------	---

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Semi-solid at ambient temperature.	
Colour	: dark grey	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
Drop point	: 177 °C / 350 °F Method: IP 396	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available	
Flash point	: Not applicable	

Vers 1.3	sion	Revision Date: 2016-05-16		S Number: 0001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamm	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	Upper	explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	Lower	explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / estimated value(
	Relativ	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
	Relativ	e density	:	0.900 (15 °C / 59	۶°F)
	Density	/	:	900 kg/m3 (15.0	°C / 59.0 °F)Method: Unspecified
	Solubili Wate	ity(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Viscosi Visco	ty osity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	168 mm2/s (40.0 Method: ASTM E	
				15.6 mm2/s (100 Method: ASTM E	
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is r	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

	Chemical stability	:	Stable.	
	Possibility of hazardous reac-	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
1	14			800001030637

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011	
tions				
Conditions to avoid		: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
Incon	patible materials	: Strong oxidisi	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products		: Hazardous de during norma	ecomposition products are not expected to form I storage.	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise,
	the data presented is representative of the product as a
	whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637

Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2016-05-18
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637	Date of last issue: 15.01.2015
			Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	fo li a ti p	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically or this product. nformation given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Jnless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- ive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)		Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: .L/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: .L/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: _L/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: F	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean	: F	Remarks: Data not available
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: F	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradabilit	y	
<u>Product:</u> Biodegradability	N b	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegrada- ble, but contains components that may persist in the environ- nent.
Bioaccumulativo potontial		

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 2016-05-16	SDS Number: 800001030637	Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011	
Bioac	cumulation	: Remarks: Cor cumulate.	ntains components with the potential to bioac-	
	on coefficient: n- ol/water	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (bas	 Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products) 	
Mobil	ity in soil			
<u>Produ</u> Mobili			ni-solid under most environmental conditions. , it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be ats on water.	
Other	adverse effects			
Produ Addition mation	onal ecological infor-	expected to be Not expected cal ozone crea Poorly soluble May cause ph Mineral oil is r	hixture of non-volatile components, which are not e released to air in any significant quantities. to have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- ation potential or global warming potential. e mixture. ysical fouling of aquatic organisms. not expected to cause any chronic effects to isms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Da
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637	Date of
			Date of

Print Date: 2016-05-18 Date of last issue: 15.01.2015 Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2016-05-18
1.3	2016-05-16	800001030637	Date of last issue: 15.01.2015
			Date of first issue: 10.02.2011

Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration. Evaluation. Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-05-16

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN